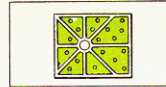


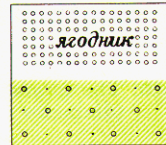
331. Park, with roads _____



332. Fruit orchard _____



333. Berry plantation (currant, raspberry, and others) _____



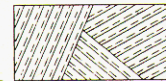
334. Vineyard _____



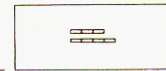
335. Fruit orchard and vineyard _____



336. Vegetable gardens _____



337. Hot-beds _____



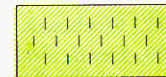
338. Rice plantation _____



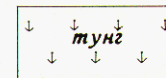
339. Tea plantation _____



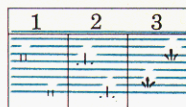
340. Hop plantation _____



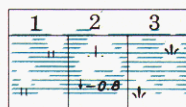
341. Other plantation _____



342. Swamp, impassable 1. grass 2. moss
 _ 3. reed or cane _____



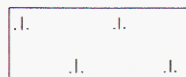
343. Swamp, hard to pass (depth indicated
 in meters)
 1. grass 2. moss 3. reed or cane _____



344. Swamp, passable 1. grass 2. moss 3. reed
 or cane (The degree of passability of
 bogs is determined on the basis of
 their passability in summer for in-
 fantry without any artificial measures
 being taken) _____



345. Moss _____



346. Bamboo _____



347. Reed or cane thicket _____



348. Meadow _____



349. Marshland (some trees) _____



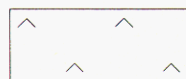
350. Wet ground (not drawn to scale) _____



351. Tall grass (over 1 meter high) _____



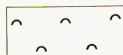
352. Pasture (shown on 1:25,000 maps only) _____



353. Hummocks _____



354. Knolls, not drawn to scale (tundra and taiga regions) _____



355. Tundra _____



356. Plowed field, pasture (small sections in sparsely populated areas, serving as orientation point, to be marked "П" (plowed field) or with the initial letter of the word for plowed field) _____



357. Rocky terrain (outcropping of bedrock) _____



358. Gravel _____



359. Polygonal terrain sections _____



360. Grassy steppes _____



361. Semi-desert type of vegetation (worm-wood & other low scrub) _____



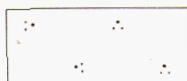
362. Desert area consisting of clay, loose rocks, sparse vegetation _____



363. Type of feather grass, up to 1.5 meters in height, growing on hummocks _____



364. Low scrub (blueberries, huckleberries, heather, etc.)



365. Solonchak, impassable



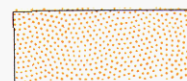
366. Solonchak, passable



367. Takyr (salt clay flats)



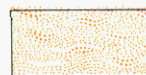
368. Sand



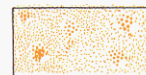
369. Hilly sand



370. Sand knolls (ridges, dunes)



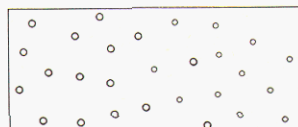
371. Crescent dunes



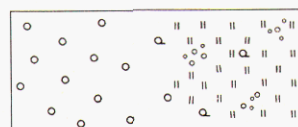
372. Porous sand



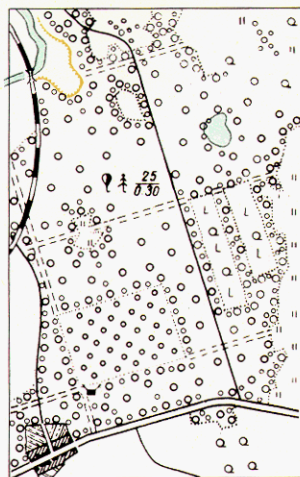
373. Transition from tall to dwarf (low) forest



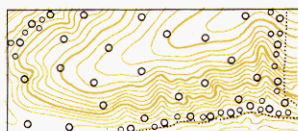
374. Gradual transition from forest to sparse forest, scrub, and meadow



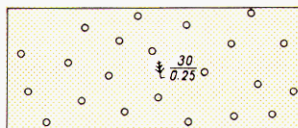
375. Combined symbolization, forest with other features on the map _____



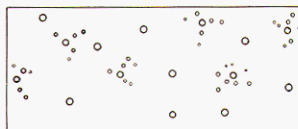
376. Forest on steep slopes (indicated by closely drawn contour lines) _____



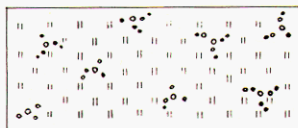
377. Pine forest on sand _____



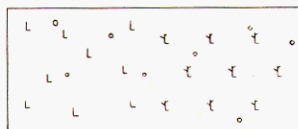
378. Forest and scrub _____



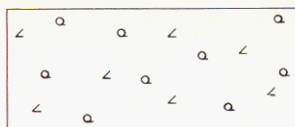
379. Meadow with scrub _____



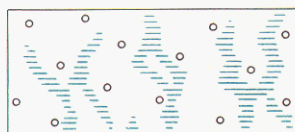
380. New growth on cut-over or burned-over timberland _____



381. Sparse forest with wind-felled trees _____



382. Swampy forest _____



383. Sparse dwarf forest in impassable swamp _____



384. Swampy meadow (marsh land) _____



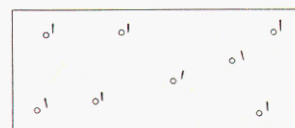
385. Hummocks in meadow _____



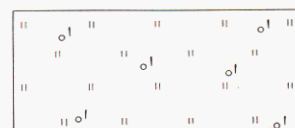
386. Swampy hummocks and reeds _____



387. Brush _____



388. Alpine meadow with brush _____



389. Semi-desert vegetation and solonchak _____



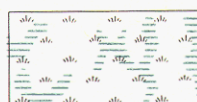
390. Hilly tundra _____



391. Tundra with lichens _____



392. Swampy tundra _____



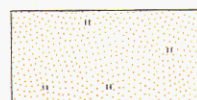
393. Tundra—stony, with scrub _____



394. Tundra—sandy _____



395. Sand, stabilized by grassy vegetation _____



396. Sand knolls with saksaul and scrub _____

